

## SUPPLEMENTARY TABLES

**Supplementary Table 1. Mouse demographic information.**

Mouse ID	Genotype	Sex	Weight	Transcriptomics	Metabolomic
10722	Null	M	14.01	x	x
10723	Null	M	13.46	x	x
10724	Null	M	13.4		x
10727	WT	M	26.22	x	x
10728	WT	M	27.34		x
10729	WT	M	25.99	x	x
10713	WT	F	27.63	x	x
10714	WT	F	27.03	x	x
10715	WT	F	26.44	x	x
10717	Null	F	12.07	x	x
10718	Null	F	13.96		x
10720	Null	F	12.31	x	x

Please browse Full Text version to see the data of Supplementary Tables 2–8

**Supplementary Table 2. FPKM transcriptomic data.**

**Supplementary Table 3. Raw positive ion mode metabolomics data.**

**Supplementary Table 4. Raw negative ion mode metabolomics data.**

**Supplementary Table 5. RNAseq linear model pvalues.**

**Supplementary Table 6. Gene ontology pathways up or down regulated in GHRH-KO mice.** Note GHRH-KO mice have elevated gene transcript abundances of mitochondria and amino acid metabolism genes.

**Supplementary Table 7. Positive ionization mode metabolite linear model pvalues.**

**Supplementary Table 8. Negative ionization mode metabolite linear model pvalues.**

**Supplementary Table 9. Significantly enriched metabolic pathways in blood serum.**

Variable-Ionization mode	Pathway	Significnatly different metabolites	Metabolites in pathway	Adjusted p-value
Genotype-Positive				
	Nicotine degradation III	4	8	0.014
	Serotonin degradation	3	5	0.018
	Ceramide biosynthesis	2	2	0.027
	Mineralocorticoid biosynthesis	2	2	0.027
	Glutathione redox reactions I	2	2	0.027
	Glutathione redox reactions II	2	2	0.027
	Nicotine degradation IV	3	7	0.042
Sex-Positive				
	CMP- <i>N</i> -acetylneuraminate biosynthesis I	2	3	0.007
	Serotonin degradation	2	4	0.009

Differentially regulated metabolic pathways for genotype and sex were identified by the program mummichog. Enriched pathways were only discovered in the positive ionization mode.