## SUPPLEMENTARY TABLES

Supplementary Table 1. The percentage of patients with palpitation.

|  | Frequency | Percent | Valid percent | Cumulative percent |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Valid | none | 391 | 48.9 | 48.9 | 48.9 |
|  | slight | 371 | 46.4 | 46.4 | 95.3 |
|  | medium | 37 | 4.6 | 4.6 | 99.9 |
|  | severe | 1 | .1 | .1 | 100.0 |
|  | Total | 800 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |

Note: "none" indicates no palpitation ever occurred with the patient; "slight" indicates less than 3 times palpitation occurred per day with the patient; "medium" indicates around 3-12 times palpitation occurred per day with the patient which doesn't delay patient's routine work; "severe" indicates palpitation occurred more than 12 times per day.

Supplementary Table 2. The percentage of patients with angina.

|  |  | Frequency | Percent | Valid percent | Cumulative percent |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Valid | none | 412 | 51.5 | 51.5 | 51.5 |
|  | slight | 371 | 46.4 | 46.4 | 97.9 |
|  | medium | 17 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 100.0 |
|  | Total | 800 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |

Note: "none" indicates no angina ever occurred with the patient; "slight" indicates less than 3 times angina occurred per day with the patient; "medium" indicates around 3-12 times angina occurred per day with the patient which doesn't delay patient's routine work; "severe" indicates angina occurred more than 12 times per day with undermined living quality on patient.

> Supplementary Table 3A. The analysis of cross-classification by palpitation * angina crosstabulation.

|  |  | 3 | Angina | Total |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | None | Slight |  |  |
| Palpitation | none | 312 | 79 | 0 | 391 |
|  | slight | 98 | 268 | 5 | 371 |
|  | medium | 2 | 23 | 12 | 37 |
| Total | severe | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |

Supplementary Table 3B. Chi-square tests for palpitation * angina crosstabulation.

|  | Value | df | Asymptotic significance (2-sided) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pearson Chi-Square | $405.077^{\mathrm{a}}$ | 6 | .000 |
| Likelihood Ratio | 315.512 | 6 | .000 |
| Linear-by-Linear Association | 270.656 | 1 | .000 |
| N of Valid Cases | 800 |  |  |
| a 4 cells (33.3\%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is .02. |  |  |  |

Supplementary Table 4A. The frequencies of patients who is annoyed with no reason.

|  |  | Frequency | Percent | Valid percent | Cumulative percent |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Valid | none | 437 | 54.6 | 54.6 | 54.6 |
|  | slight | 338 | 42.3 | 42.3 | 96.9 |
|  | medium | 25 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 100.0 |
|  | Total | 800 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |

Supplementary Table 4B. The frequencies of patients with tendency to be irritable.

|  |  | Frequency | Percent | Valid percent | Cumulative percent |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Valid | none | 615 | 76.9 | 76.9 | 76.9 |
|  | slight | 166 | 20.8 | 20.8 | 97.6 |
|  | medium | 19 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 100.0 |
|  | Total | 800 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |

Supplementary Table 4C. The frequencies of patients with depression.

|  |  | Frequency | Percent | Valid percent | Cumulative percent |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Valid | none | 751 | 93.9 | 93.9 | 93.9 |
|  | slight | 46 | 5.8 | 5.8 | 99.6 |
|  | medium | 3 | .4 | .4 | 100.0 |
|  | Total | 800 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |

Supplementary Table 4D. The frequencies of patients with anxiety.

|  |  | Frequency | Percent | Valid percent | Cumulative percent |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Valid | none | 662 | 82.8 | 82.8 | 82.8 |
|  | slight | 125 | 15.6 | 15.6 | 98.4 |
|  | medium | 12 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 99.9 |
|  | severe | 1 | .1 | .1 | 100.0 |
|  | Total | 800 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |

Supplementary Table 4E. The frequencies of patients with fear.

|  |  | Frequency | Percent | Valid percent | Cumulative percent |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Valid | none | 747 | 93.4 | 93.4 | 93.4 |
|  | slight | 46 | 5.8 | 5.8 | 99.1 |
|  | medium | 7 | .9 | .9 | 100.0 |
|  | Total | 800 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |

Supplementary Table 4F. The frequencies of patients with amnesia.

|  |  | Frequency | Percent | Valid percent | Cumulative percent |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | none | 323 | 40.4 | 40.4 | 40.4 |
| Valid | slight | 398 | 49.8 | 49.8 | 90.2 |
|  | medium | 78 | 9.8 | 9.8 | 100.0 |
|  | Total | 799 | 99.9 | 100.0 |  |
| Missing | System | 1 | .1 |  |  |
| Total |  | 800 | 100.0 |  |  |

Supplementary Table 5A. The analysis of cross-classification of palpitation and annoyed mentality in patients with hypertension.

|  |  | Annoy |  |  | Total |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | None | Slight | Medium |  |
| Palpitation | none | 287 | 104 | 0 | 391 |
|  | slight | 138 | 219 | 14 | 371 |
|  | medium | 12 | 14 | 11 | 37 |
|  | severe | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
|  |  | 437 | 338 | 25 | 800 |

Supplementary Table 5B. Chi-square tests for analysis of crossclassification of palpitation and annoyed mentality in patients with hypertension.

|  | Value | df | Asymptotic significance (2-sided) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pearson Chi-Square | $194.656^{\mathrm{a}}$ | 6 | .000 |
| Likelihood Ratio | 154.725 | 6 | .000 |
| Linear-by-Linear Association | 126.564 | 1 | .000 |
| N of Valid Cases | 800 |  |  |

${ }^{2} 4$ cells (33.3\%) have expected count less than 5 . The minimum expected count is 03 .

Supplementary Table 5C. The analysis of cross-classification by palpitation * amnesia crosstabulation.

|  |  | Amnesia |  |  | Total |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | None | Slight | Medium |  |
| Palpitation | none | 192 | 172 | 26 | 390 |
|  | slight | 124 | 210 | 37 | 371 |
|  | medium | 7 | 15 | 15 | 37 |
|  | severe | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |

Supplementary Table 5D. Chi-square tests for palpitation * amnesia crosstabulation.

|  | Value | df | Asymptotic significance (2-sided) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pearson Chi-Square | $63.596^{\mathrm{a}}$ | 6 | .000 |
| Likelihood Ratio | 49.347 | 6 | .000 |
| Linear-by-Linear Association | 38.971 | 1 | .000 |
| N of Valid Cases | 799 |  |  |

${ }^{\text {a }} 4$ cells ( $33.3 \%$ ) have expected count less than 5 . The minimum expected count is .10 .

Supplementary Table 6A. The frequencies of patients with backache.

|  |  | Frequency | Percent | Valid percent | Cumulative percent |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Valid | none | 432 | 54.0 | 54.0 | 54.0 |
|  | slight | 332 | 41.5 | 41.5 | 95.5 |
|  | medium | 36 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 100.0 |
|  | Total | 800 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |

Supplementary Table 6B. The frequencies of patients with lumbar debility.

|  |  | Frequency | Percent | Valid percent | Cumulative percent |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Valid | none | 342 | 42.8 | 42.8 | 42.8 |
|  | slight | 393 | 49.1 | 49.1 | 91.9 |
|  | medium | 65 | 8.1 | 8.1 | 100.0 |
|  | Total | 800 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |

Supplementary Table 6C. The frequencies of patients with numbness of limbs.

|  | Frequency | Percent | Valid percent | Cumulative percent |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Valid | none | 432 | 54.0 | 54.0 | 54.0 |
|  | slight | 329 | 41.1 | 41.1 | 95.1 |
|  | medium | 36 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 99.6 |
|  | severe | 3 | .4 | .4 | 100.0 |
|  | Total | 800 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |

Supplementary Table 7A. The analysis of cross-classification by palpitation * backache crosstabulation in patients with hypertension.

|  |  | Backache |  |  | Total |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | None | Slight | Medium |  |
| Palpitation | none | 279 | 107 | 5 | 391 |
|  | slight | 135 | 211 | 25 | 371 |
|  | medium | 18 | 13 | 6 | 37 |
| Total | severe | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |

Supplementary Table 7B. Chi-square tests for palpitation * backache crosstabulation.

|  | Value | df | Asymptotic significance (2-sided) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pearson Chi-Square | $109.472^{\mathrm{a}}$ | 6 | .000 |
| Likelihood Ratio | 109.468 | 6 | .000 |
| Linear-by-Linear Association | 81.646 | 1 | .000 |
| N of Valid Cases | 800 |  |  |

${ }^{\mathrm{a}} 4$ cells (33.3\%) have expected count less than 5 . The minimum expected count is 05 .

Supplementary Table 7C. The analysis of cross-classification by palpitation * lumbar debility crosstabulation in patients with hypertension.

|  | Lumbar debility |  |  | Total |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | None | Slight |  |  |
| Palpitation | none | 220 | 167 | 4 | 391 |
|  | slight | 108 | 212 | 51 | 371 |
|  | medium | 14 | 13 | 10 | 37 |
|  | severe | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
|  |  | 342 | 393 | 65 | 800 |

Supplementary Table 7D. Chi-square tests for palpitation * lumbar debility crosstabulation.

|  | Value | df | Asymptotic significance (2-sided) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pearson Chi-Square | $98.674^{\mathrm{a}}$ | 6 | .000 |
| Likelihood Ratio | 105.634 | 6 | .000 |
| Linear-by-Linear Association | 75.273 | 1 | .000 |
| N of Valid Cases | 800 |  |  |

${ }^{\mathrm{a}} 4$ cells (33.3\%) have expected count less than 5 . The minimum expected count is .08 .

Supplementary Table 7E. The analysis of cross-classification by palpitation * numbness of limbs crosstabulation in patients with hypertension.

|  | Numbness of limbs |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | None | Slight | Medium | Severe |  |  |
| Palpitation | none | 267 | 117 | 7 | 0 | 391 |
|  | slight | 161 | 191 | 17 | 2 | 371 |
|  | medium | 4 | 20 | 12 | 1 | 37 |
|  | Total | sere | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Supplementary Table 7F. Chi-square tests for palpitation * numbness of limbs crosstabulation.

|  | Value | df | Asymptotic significance (2-sided) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pearson Chi-Square | $137.443^{\mathrm{a}}$ | 9 | .000 |
| Likelihood Ratio | 106.711 | 9 | .000 |
| Linear-by-Linear Association | 96.307 | 1 | .000 |
| N of Valid Cases | 800 |  |  |

${ }^{a} 8$ cells $(50.0 \%)$ have expected count less than 5 . The minimum expected count is .00 .

Supplementary Table 8A. The frequencies of patients with dizzy.

|  |  | Frequency | Percent | Valid percent | Cumulative percent |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Valid | None | 315 | 39.4 | 39.4 | 39.4 |
|  | slight | 447 | 55.9 | 55.9 | 95.3 |
|  | medium | 38 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 100.0 |
|  | Total | 800 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |

Supplementary Table 8B. The frequencies of patients being dazed.

|  |  | Frequency | Percent | Valid percent | Cumulative percent |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Valid | None | 409 | 51.1 | 51.1 | 51.1 |
|  | Slight | 352 | 44.0 | 44.0 | 95.1 |
|  | Medium | 39 | 4.9 | 4.9 | 100.0 |
|  | Total | 800 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |

Supplementary Table 8C. The frequencies of patients with headache.

|  |  | Frequency | Percent | Valid percent | Cumulative percent |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Valid | none | 409 | 51.1 | 51.1 | 51.1 |
|  | slight | 357 | 44.6 | 44.6 | 95.8 |
|  | medium | 33 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 99.9 |
|  | severe | 1 | .1 | .1 | 100.0 |
|  | Total | 800 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |

Supplementary Table 8D. The frequencies of patients with tinnitus.

|  |  | Frequency | Percent | Valid percent | Cumulative percent |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Valid | None | 331 | 41.4 | 41.4 | 41.4 |
|  | Slight | 442 | 55.3 | 55.3 | 96.6 |
|  | Medium | 27 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 100.0 |
|  | Total | 800 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |

Supplementary Table 9A. The analysis of cross-classification by palpitation * dizzy crosstabulation in patients with hypertension.

|  |  | Dizzy |  |  | Total |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | None | Slight | Medium |  |
| Palpitation | none | 237 | 145 | 9 | 391 |
|  | slight | 76 | 277 | 18 | 371 |
|  | medium | 2 | 24 | 11 | 37 |
|  | severe | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
|  |  | 315 | 447 | 38 | 800 |

Supplementary Table 9B. Chi-square tests for palpitation * dizzy crosstabulation.

|  | Value | df | Asymptotic significance (2-sided) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pearson Chi-Square | $192.276^{\mathrm{a}}$ | 6 | .000 |
| Likelihood Ratio | 175.322 | 6 | .000 |
| Linear-by-Linear Association | 148.627 | 1 | .000 |
| N of Valid Cases | 800 |  |  |

${ }^{\mathrm{a}} 4$ cells (33.3\%) have expected count less than 5 . The minimum expected count is 05 .

Supplementary Table 9C. The analysis of cross-classification by palpitation * dazed crosstabulation in patients with hypertension.

|  |  | Dazed |  |  | Total |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | None | Slight | Medium |  |
| Palpitation | none | 254 | 132 | 5 | 391 |
|  | slight | 139 | 207 | 25 | 371 |
|  | medium | 16 | 12 | 9 | 37 |
|  | severe | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
|  |  | 409 | 352 | 39 | 800 |

Supplementary Table 9D. Chi-square tests for palpitation * dazed crosstabulation.

|  | Value | df | Asymptotic significance (2-sided) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pearson Chi-Square | $93.803^{\mathrm{a}}$ | 6 | .000 |
| Likelihood Ratio | 84.350 | 6 | .000 |
| Linear-by-Linear Association | 65.320 | 1 | .000 |
| N of Valid Cases | 800 |  |  |

${ }^{\mathrm{a}} 4$ cells (33.3\%) have expected count less than 5 . The minimum expected count is .05 .

Supplementary Table 9E. The analysis of cross-classification by palpitation * headache crosstabulation in patients with hypertension.

|  | Headache |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | None | Slight | Medium | Severe |  |
| Palpitation | none | 284 | 102 | 5 | 0 | 391 |
|  | slight | 112 | 236 | 22 | 1 | 371 |
|  | medium | 13 | 18 | 6 | 0 | 37 |
|  | severe | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |

Supplementary Table 9F. Chi-square tests for palpitation * headache crosstabulation.

|  | Value | df | Asymptotic significance (2-sided) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pearson Chi-Square | $155.376^{\mathrm{a}}$ | 9 | .000 |
| Likelihood Ratio | 156.455 | 9 | .000 |
| Linear-by-Linear Association | 122.742 | 1 | .000 |
| N of Valid Cases | 800 |  |  |

${ }^{\text {a }} 8$ cells $(50.0 \%)$ have expected count less than 5 . The minimum expected count is .00 .

Supplementary Table 9G. The analysis of cross-classification by palpitation * tinnitus crosstabulation in patients with hypertension.

|  |  | Tinnitus |  |  | Total |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | None | Slight | Medium |  |
| Palpitation | none | 211 | 179 | 1 | 391 |
|  | slight | 108 | 246 | 17 | 371 |
|  | medium | 12 | 16 | 9 | 37 |
| Total | severe | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |

Supplementary Table 9H. Chi-square tests for palpitation * tinnitus crosstabulation.

|  | Value | df | Asymptotic significance (2-sided) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pearson Chi-Square | $106.500^{\mathrm{a}}$ | 6 | .000 |
| Likelihood Ratio | 86.896 | 6 | .000 |
| Linear-by-Linear Association | 63.782 | 1 | .000 |
| N of Valid Cases | 800 |  |  |

${ }^{\mathrm{a}} 4$ cells (33.3\%) have expected count less than 5 . The minimum expected count is .03 .

Supplementary Table 10. Descriptive statistics of blood routine index.

|  | N | Minimum | Maximum | Mean | Std. deviation |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Homocysteine $(\mu \mathrm{M})$ | 800 | .65 | 72.80 | 12.7811 | 7.39702 |
| Triglyceride $(\mathrm{mM})$ | 800 | .00 | 36.00 | 2.0748 | 2.03663 |
| Total cholesterol $(\mathrm{mM})$ | 800 | .42 | 30.93 | 4.68563 | 1.906583 |
| Low density lipoprotein $(\mathrm{mM})$ | 799 | .98 | 6.55 | 2.9852 | .83837 |
| High density lipoprotein $(\mathrm{mM})$ | 800 | .52 | 11.68 | 1.8905 | 1.52829 |
| Fasting blood glucose $(\mathrm{mM})$ | 799 | 2.68 | 70.19 | 6.4389 | 4.51333 |
| Creatinine $(\mu \mathrm{M})$ | 800 | 30.0 | 694.2 | 74.423 | 40.0658 |
| Urea nitrogen $(\mathrm{mM})$ | 800 | 2.16 | 469.00 | 43.0038 | 102.07597 |
| Uric acid $(\mu \mathrm{M})$ | 800 | 3.5 | 766.3 | 290.880 | 137.5726 |
| High sensitivity C reactive protein $(\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L})$ | 799 | .2 | 17.3 | 2.953 | 2.9505 |
| Valid N (listwise) | 797 |  |  |  |  |

Supplementary Table 11A. Correlations of grade of palpitation and homocysteine value in patients with hypertension.

|  |  | Palpitation | Homocysteine |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Palpitation | Correlation Coefficient | 1.000 | $.257^{* *}$ |
|  |  | . | .000 |  |
| Spearman's rho |  | N | 800 | 800 |
|  |  | Correlation Coefficient | $.257^{* *}$ | 1.000 |
|  | Homocysteine | Sig. (2-tailed) | .000 | . |
|  |  | N | 800 | 800 |

${ }^{* *}$ Correlation is significant at the 0.01 level (2-tailed).

Supplementary Table 11B. Correlations of grade of palpitation and total cholesterol value in patients with hypertension correlations.

|  |  |  | Palpitation | Total cholesterol |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Spearman's rho | Palpitation | Correlation Coefficient | 1.000 | $.178^{* *}$ |
|  |  | Sig. (2-tailed) | . | .000 |
|  |  | N | 800 | 800 |
|  |  | Correlation Coefficient | $.178^{* *}$ | 1.000 |
|  |  | Total cholesterol | Sig. (2-tailed) | .000 |
|  | N | 800 | 80 |  |

**Correlation is significant at the 0.01 level (2-tailed).

Supplementary Table 11C. Correlations of grade of palpitation and creatinine value in patients with hypertension correlations.

|  |  |  | Palpitation | Creatinine |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Palpitation | Correlation Coefficient | 1.000 | $.087^{*}$ |
|  |  | Sig. (2-tailed) | . | .014 |
| Spearman's rho |  | N | 800 | 800 |
|  |  | Correlation Coefficient | $.087^{*}$ | 1.000 |
|  | Creatinine | Sig. (2-tailed) | .014 | . |
|  |  | N | 800 | 800 |

*Correlation is significant at the 0.05 level (2-tailed).

Supplementary Table 11D. Correlations of grade of palpitation and uric acid value in patients with hypertension correlations.

|  |  |  | Palpitation | Uric acid |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Palpitation | Correlation Coefficient | 1.000 | $.203^{* *}$ |
|  |  | Sig. (2-tailed) | . | .000 |
| Spearman's rho |  | N | 800 | 800 |
|  |  | Correlation Coefficient | $.200^{* *}$ | 1.000 |
|  | Uric acid | Sig. (2-tailed) | .000 | . |
|  |  | N | 800 | 800 |

[^0]Supplementary Table 11E. Correlations of grade of palpitation and triglyceride value in patients with hypertension correlations.

|  |  |  | Palpitation | Triglyceride |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Palpitation | Correlation Coefficient | 1.000 | $-.224^{* *}$ |
| Spearman's rho |  | Sig. (2-tailed) | . | .000 |
|  |  | N | 800 | 800 |
|  | Triglyceride | Correlation Coefficient | $-.224^{* *}$ | 1.000 |
|  |  | Sig. (2-tailed) | .000 | . |
|  |  | 800 | 800 |  |

${ }^{* *}$ Correlation is significant at the 0.01 level (2-tailed).

Supplementary Table 11F. Correlations of grade of palpitation and high-density lipoprotein value in patients with hypertension Correlations.

|  |  | Palpitation | High density lipoprotein |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Palpitation | Correlation Coefficient | 1.000 | $-.156^{* *}$ |  |
|  | Sig. (2-tailed) | . | .000 |  |
|  |  | N | 800 | 800 |
|  |  | Correlation Coefficient | $-.156^{* *}$ | 1.000 |
|  | High density lipoprotein | Sig. (2-tailed) | .000 | . |
|  |  | N | 800 | 800 |

[^1]Supplementary Table 12. Gender.

|  |  | Frequency | Percent | Valid percent | Cumulative percent |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Valid | Male | 310 | 38.8 | 38.8 | 38.8 |
|  | Female | 490 | 61.3 | 61.3 | 100.0 |
|  | Total | 800 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |

Supplementary Table 13. Family medical history.

|  |  | Frequency | Percent | Valid percent | Cumulative percent |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Valid | No | 628 | 78.5 | 78.7 | 78.7 |
|  | Yes | 170 | 21.3 | 21.3 | 100.0 |
|  | Total | 798 | 99.8 | 100.0 |  |
| Missing | System | 2 | .3 |  |  |
| Total |  | 800 | 100.0 |  |  |

Supplementary Table 14A. The analysis of cross-classification by palpitation

* Age crosstabulation in patients with hypertension.

|  |  | Palpitation |  |  |  | Total |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | None | Slight | Medium | Severe |  |  |
| Age Grades | $40-49$ | 10 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 16 |
|  | $50-59$ | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 |
|  | $60-69$ | 165 | 135 | 6 | 0 | 306 |
|  | $>69$ | 211 | 230 | 31 | 1 | 473 |

Supplementary Table 14B. Chi-square tests for palpitation * age crosstabulation.

|  | Value | df | Asymptotic significance (2-sided) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pearson Chi-Square | $20.245^{\mathrm{a}}$ | 9 | .016 |
| Likelihood Ratio | 24.106 | 9 | .004 |
| Linear-by-Linear Association | 14.290 | 1 | .000 |
| N of Valid Cases | 800 |  |  |

${ }^{\text {a }} 8$ cells ( $50.0 \%$ ) have expected count less than 5 . The minimum expected count is .01 .

Supplementary Table 14C. The analysis of cross-classification by angina * age crosstabulation in patients with hypertension.

|  |  | 3 | Angina | Total |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | None | Slight | Medium |  |  |
| Age Grades | $40-49$ | 12 | 4 | 0 | 16 |
|  | $50-59$ | 4 | 1 | 0 | 5 |
|  | $60-69$ | 238 | 63 | 5 | 306 |
|  | $>69$ | 352 | 119 | 2 | 473 |

Supplementary Table 14D. Chi-square tests for angina * age crosstabulation.

|  | Value | df | Asymptotic significance (2-sided) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pearson Chi-Square | $5.296^{\mathrm{a}}$ | 6 | .506 |
| Likelihood Ratio | 5.356 | 6 | .499 |
| Linear-by-Linear Association | .317 | 1 | .574 |
| N of Valid Cases | 800 |  |  |

${ }^{a} 7$ cells ( $58.3 \%$ ) have expected count less than 5 . The minimum expected count is .04 .

Supplementary Table 14E. The analysis of cross-classification by amnesia * age crosstabulation in patients with hypertension.

|  |  | Amnesia |  |  | Total |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | None | Slight | Medium |  |  |
| Age Grades | $40-49$ | 5 | 9 | 2 | 16 |
|  | $50-59$ | 4 | 1 | 0 | 5 |
|  | $60-69$ | 129 | 153 | 24 | 306 |
|  | $>69$ | 185 | 235 | 52 | 472 |

Supplementary Table 14F. Chi-square tests for amnesia * age crosstabulation.

|  | Value | df | Asymptotic significance (2-sided) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pearson Chi-Square | $6.228^{\mathrm{a}}$ | 6 | .398 |
| Likelihood Ratio | 6.611 | 6 | .358 |
| Linear-by-Linear Association | .868 | 1 | .351 |
| N of Valid Cases | 799 |  |  |

${ }^{2} 4$ cells ( $33.3 \%$ ) have expected count less than 5 . The minimum expected count is 49 .

Supplementary Table 14G. The analysis of cross-classification by annoy * age crosstabulation in patients with hypertension.

|  |  | Annoy |  |  | Total |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | None | Slight | Medium |  |  |
| Age Grades | $40-49$ | 12 | 3 | 1 | 16 |
|  | $50-59$ | 4 | 1 | 0 | 5 |
|  | $60-69$ | 167 | 131 | 8 | 306 |
|  | $>69$ | 254 | 203 | 16 | 473 |

Supplementary Table 14H. Chi-square tests for annoy * age crosstabulation.

|  | Value | df | Asymptotic significance (2-sided) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pearson Chi-Square | $5.642^{\mathrm{a}}$ | 6 | .465 |
| Likelihood Ratio | 6.192 | 6 | .402 |
| Linear-by-Linear Association | 1.652 | 1 | .199 |
| N of Valid Cases | 800 |  |  |
| 4 cells (33.3\%) have expected count less than 5 . The minimum expected count is .16. |  |  |  |

Supplementary Table 14I. The analysis of cross-classification by numbness of limbs * age crosstabulation in patients with hypertension.

|  | Numbness of limbs |  |  |  | Total |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | None | Slight | Medium | Severe |  |  |
| Age Grades | $40-49$ | 13 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 16 |
|  | $50-59$ | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 5 |
|  | $60-69$ | 184 | 116 | 6 | 0 | 306 |
|  | $>69$ | 232 | 208 | 30 | 3 | 473 |

Supplementary Table 14J. Chi-square tests for numbness of limbs * age crosstabulation.

|  | Value | df | Asymptotic significance (2-sided) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pearson Chi-Square | $21.136^{\mathrm{a}}$ | 9 | .012 |
| Likelihood Ratio | 24.133 | 9 | .004 |
| Linear-by-Linear Association | 18.789 | 1 | .000 |
| N of Valid Cases | 800 |  |  |

${ }^{\text {a }} 8$ cells ( $50.0 \%$ ) have expected count less than 5 . The minimum expected count is .02 .

Supplementary Table 14K. The analysis of cross-classification by lumbar debility * age crosstabulation in patients with hypertension.

|  | Debility of lumbar |  |  | Total |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | None | Slight | Medium |  |  |
| Age Grades | $40-49$ | 5 | 10 | 1 | 16 |
|  | $50-59$ | 3 | 2 | 0 | 5 |
|  | $60-69$ | 153 | 125 | 28 | 306 |
|  | $>69$ | 181 | 256 | 36 | 473 |

Supplementary Table 14L. Chi-square tests for lumbar debility * age crosstabulation.

|  | Value | df | Asymptotic significance (2-sided) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pearson Chi-Square | $15.193^{\mathrm{a}}$ | 6 | .019 |
| Likelihood Ratio | 15.634 | 6 | .016 |
| Linear-by-Linear Association | 2.429 | 1 | .119 |
| N of Valid Cases | 800 |  |  |

${ }^{\text {a }} 4$ cells ( $33.3 \%$ ) have expected count less than 5 . The minimum expected count is .41 .

Supplementary Table 14M. The analysis of cross-classification by backache * age crosstabulation in patients with hypertension.

|  | Backache |  |  | Total |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | None | Slight |  |  |
| Age Grades | $40-49$ | 14 | 1 | 1 | 16 |
|  | $50-59$ | 1 | 4 | 0 | 5 |
|  | $60-69$ | 165 | 122 | 19 | 306 |
|  | $>69$ | 252 | 205 | 16 | 473 |
|  |  | 432 | 332 | 36 | 800 |

Supplementary Table 14N. Chi-square tests for backache * age crosstabulation.

|  | Value | df | Asymptotic significance (2-sided) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pearson Chi-Square | $15.233^{\mathrm{a}}$ | 6 | .019 |
| Likelihood Ratio | 17.486 | 6 | .008 |
| Linear-by-Linear Association | .449 | 1 | .503 |
| N of Valid Cases | 800 |  |  |

${ }^{\text {a }} 4$ cells (33.3\%) have expected count less than 5 . The minimum expected count is .22 .

Supplementary Table 140. The analysis of cross-classification by dizzy * age crosstabulation in patients with hypertension.

|  | Dizzy |  |  |  | Total |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | None | Slight | Medium |  |
| Age Grades | $40-49$ | 9 | 6 | 1 | 16 |
|  | $50-59$ | 2 | 3 | 0 | 5 |
|  | $60-69$ | 138 | 158 | 10 | 306 |
|  | $>69$ | 166 | 280 | 27 | 473 |

Supplementary Table 14P. Chi-square tests for dizzy * age crosstabulation.

|  | Value | df | Asymptotic significance (2-sided) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pearson Chi-Square | $11.447^{\mathrm{a}}$ | 6 | .076 |
| Likelihood Ratio | 11.765 | 6 | .067 |
| Linear-by-Linear Association | 9.168 | 1 | .002 |
| N of Valid Cases | 800 |  |  |

${ }^{\mathrm{a}} 4$ cells (33.3\%) have expected count less than 5 . The minimum expected count is 24 .

Supplementary Table 14Q. The analysis of cross-classification by dazed * age crosstabulation in patients with hypertension.

|  |  | 3 | Dazed | Total |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | None | Slight |  |  |
| Age Grades | $40-49$ | 13 | 3 | 0 | 16 |
|  | $50-59$ | 3 | 2 | 0 | 5 |
|  | $60-69$ | 179 | 116 | 11 | 306 |
|  | $>69$ | 214 | 231 | 28 | 473 |
|  |  | 409 | 352 | 39 | 800 |

Supplementary Table 14R. Chi-square tests for dazed * age crosstabulation.

|  | Value | df | Asymptotic significance (2-sided) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pearson Chi-Square | $19.914^{\mathrm{a}}$ | 6 | .003 |
| Likelihood Ratio | 21.204 | 6 | .002 |
| Linear-by-Linear Association | 18.901 | 1 | .000 |
| N of Valid Cases | 800 |  |  |

${ }^{\mathrm{a}} 4$ cells ( $33.3 \%$ ) have expected count less than 5 . The minimum expected count is .24 .

Supplementary Table 14S. The analysis of cross-classification by headache * age crosstabulation in patients with hypertension.

|  | Headache |  |  |  | Total |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | None | Slight | Medium | Severe |  |  |
| Age Grades | $40-49$ | 12 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 16 |
|  | $50-59$ | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 |
|  | $60-69$ | 169 | 131 | 5 | 1 | 306 |
|  | $>69$ | 223 | 223 | 27 | 0 | 473 |

Supplementary Table 14T. Chi-square tests for headache * age crosstabulation.

|  | Value | df | Asymptotic significance (2-sided) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pearson Chi-Square | $21.597^{\mathrm{a}}$ | 9 | .010 |
| Likelihood Ratio | 25.329 | 9 | .003 |
| Linear-by-Linear Association | 11.744 | 1 | .001 |
| N of Valid Cases | 800 |  |  |

${ }^{\text {a }} 8$ cells $(50.0 \%)$ have expected count less than 5 . The minimum expected count is .01 .

Supplementary Table 14U. The analysis of cross-classification by Tinnitus * age crosstabulation in patients with hypertension.

|  | Tinnitus |  |  | Total |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | None | Slight |  |  |
| Age Grades | $40-49$ | 14 | 2 | 0 | 16 |
|  | $50-59$ | 3 | 2 | 0 | 5 |
|  | $60-69$ | 143 | 155 | 8 | 306 |
|  | $>69$ | 171 | 283 | 19 | 473 |

Supplementary Table 14V. Chi-square tests for tinnitus * age crosstabulation.

|  | Value | df | Asymptotic significance (2-sided) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pearson Chi-Square | $24.168^{\mathrm{a}}$ | 6 | .000 |
| Likelihood Ratio | 25.325 | 6 | .000 |
| Linear-by-Linear Association | 21.611 | 1 | .000 |
| N of Valid Cases | 800 |  |  |

${ }^{\mathrm{a}} 4$ cells ( $33.3 \%$ ) have expected count less than 5 . The minimum expected count is .17 .


[^0]:    ${ }^{* *}$ Correlation is significant at the 0.01 level (2-tailed).

[^1]:    **Correlation is significant at the 0.01 level (2-tailed).

