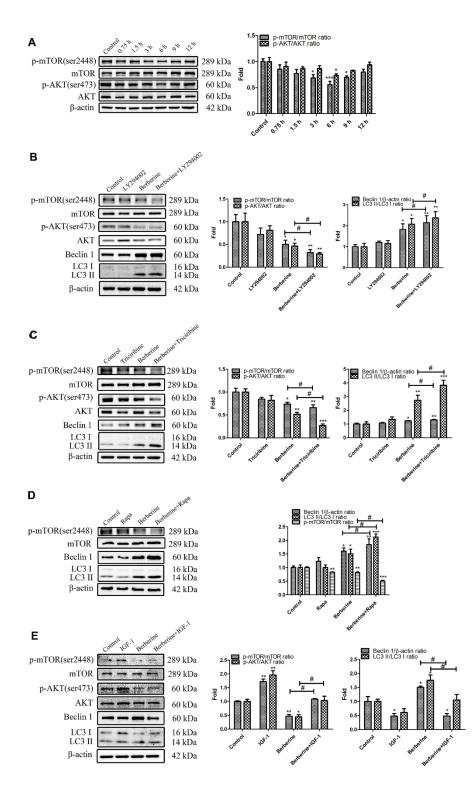
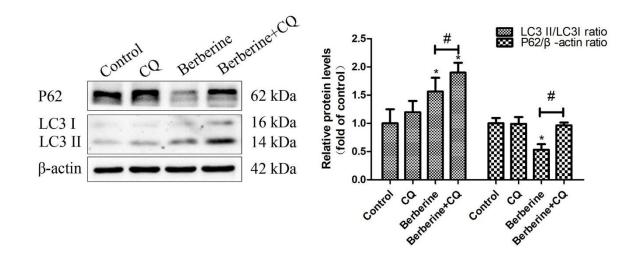
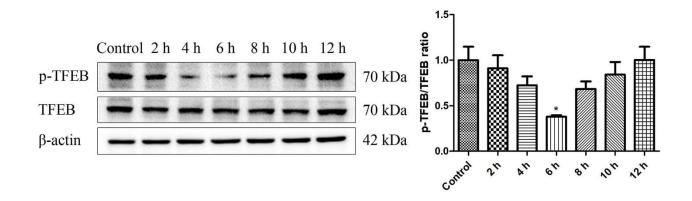
SUPPLEMENTARY FIGURES



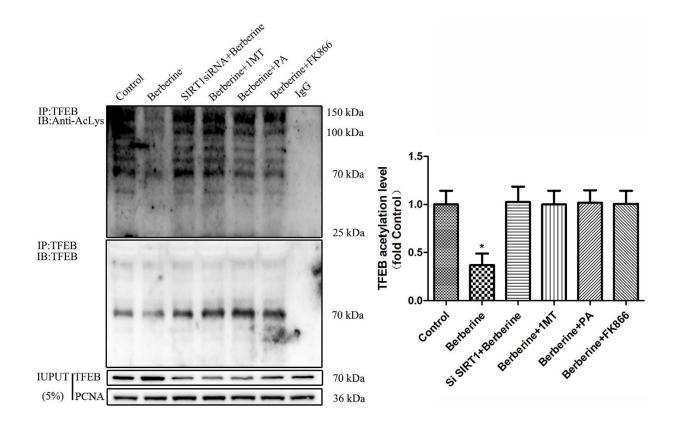
Supplementary Figure 1. The PI3K/AKT/mTOR signaling pathway is involved in berberine-induced autophagy in peritoneal macrophages. (A) The expression of mTOR, p-mTOR (Ser 2448), AKT, and p-AKT (Ser 473) was analyzed by western blotting at different time points after treatment with berberine. Quantification of the p-mTOR/mTOR ratio and p-AKT/AKT ratio is shown. Data was analyzed by oneway ANOVA with Tukey HSD post-hoc test (vs. Control group). Analysis of variance and Student-Newman-Keuls post hoc tests were used to compare two group (vs. berberine group). (B) The effect of LY294002 on the expression of mTOR, p-mTOR (Ser 2448), AKT, p-AKT (Ser 473), LC3 I, LC3 II, and Beclin 1 at 6 h after treatment with berberine. Quantification of proteins is shown. Data was analyzed by one-way ANOVA with Tukey HSD post-hoc test (vs. Control group). Analysis of variance and Student-Newman-Keuls post hoc tests were used to compare two group (vs. berberine group). (**C**) The effect of triciribine on the expression of mTOR, p-mTOR (Ser 2448), AKT, p-AKT (Ser 473), LC3 I, LC3 II, and Beclin 1 at 6 h after treatment with berberine. Quantification of proteins is shown. Data was analyzed by one-way ANOVA with Tukey HSD post-hoc test (vs. Control group). Analysis of variance and Student-Newman-Keuls post hoc tests were used to compare two group (vs. berberine group). (**D**) The effect of rapamycin on the expression mTOR, p-mTOR (Ser 2448), LC3 I, LC3 II, and Beclin 1 at 6 h after treatment with berberine. Quantification of proteins is shown. Data was analyzed by one-way ANOVA with Tukey HSD post-hoc test (vs. Control group). Analysis of variance and Student-Newman-Keuls post hoc tests (vs. Control group). Analysis of variance and Student-Newman-Keuls post hoc test (vs. Control group). Analysis of variance and Student-Newman-Keuls post hoc tests (vs. Control group). Analysis of variance and Student-Newman-Keuls post hoc tests (vs. Control group). Analysis of variance and Student-Newman-Keuls post hoc tests were used to compare two group (vs. berberine group). (**E**) The effect of IGF-1 on the expression of mTOR, p-mTOR (Ser 2448), AKT, p-AKT (Ser 473), LC3 I, LC3 II, and Beclin 1 at 6 h after treatment with berberine. Quantifications of proteins is shown. Data was analyzed by one-way ANOVA with Tukey HSD post-hoc test (vs. Control group). Analysis of variance and Student-Newman-Keuls post hoc tests were used to compare two group (vs. berberine group). (**E**) The effect of IGF-1 on the expression of mTOR, p-mTOR (Ser 2448), AKT, p-AKT (Ser 473), LC3 I, LC3 II, and Beclin 1 at 6 h after treatment with berberine. Quantifications of proteins is shown. Data was analyzed by one-way ANOVA with Tukey HSD post-hoc test (vs. Control group). Analysis of variance and Student-Newman-Keuls post hoc tests were used to compare two gro



Supplementary Figure 2. The effect of CQ on autophagy induced by berberine. The expression levels of P62, LC3 I, LC3 II protein at 6 h after treating with berberine, and quantifications of the proteins above were shown. Data was analyzed by one-way ANOVA with Tukey HSD post-hoc test (vs. Control group). Analysis of variance and Student-Newman-Keuls post hoc tests were used to compare two group (vs. berberine group). All data are mean \pm standard deviation. n = 3; *p < 0.05 versus control. #p < 0.05 versus berberine group.



Supplementary Figure 3. Berberine-induced TFEB dephosphorylation in different time points. Data was analyzed by one-way ANOVA with Tukey HSD post-hoc test (vs. Control group). All data are mean \pm standard deviation. n = 3; *p < 0.05 versus control.



Supplementary Figure 4. TFEB acetylation level in different treatments for 6 h. Data was analyzed by one-way ANOVA with Tukey HSD post-hoc test (vs. Control group). All data are mean \pm standard deviation. n = 3; *p < 0.05 versus control.