## SUPPLEMENTARY TABLES

## Supplementary Table 1. Variables used to construct the frailty index.

| Variables |  | Data Type | Cut-off point |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Self-reported health | Ordinal | V. good $=0$, good $=0.25$; so so $=0.5$, bad $=0.75$, very bad $=1$ |
| 2 | Feel fearful or anxious | Ordinal | Always $=1$, often $=0.75$, sometimes $=0.5$, seldom $=0.25$, rarely or never $=0$ |
| 3 | Feel useless with age | Ordinal | Always $=1$, often $=0.75$, sometimes $=0.5$, seldom $=0.25$, rarely or never $=0$ |
| 4 | Bathing | Ordinal | Without assistance $=0$, one part assistance $=0.5$, more than one part assistance $=1$ |
| 5 | Dressing | Ordinal | Without assistance $=0$, one part assistance $=0.5$, more than one part assistance $=1$ |
| 6 | Toileting | Ordinal | Without assistance $=0$, one part assistance $=0.5$, more than one part assistance $=1$ |
| 7 | Transferring | Ordinal | Without assistance $=0$, one part assistance $=0.5$, more than one part assistance $=1$ |
| 8 | Continence | Ordinal | Without assistance $=0$, one part assistance $=0.5$, more than one part assistance $=1$ |
| 9 | Feeding | Ordinal | Without assistance $=0$, one part assistance $=0.5$, more than one part assistance $=1$ |
| 10 | Visual function | Ordinal | Can see and distinguish $=0$, can see only $=0.5$, can't see $=1$, blind $=1$ |
| 11 | Rhythm of heart | Binary | $>=80 \mathrm{bpm}=1 ;<80 \mathrm{bpm}=0$ |
| 12 | Hand behind neck | Ordinal | Both hands $=0$, left hand $=0.5$, right hand $=0.5$, neither hand $=1$ |
| 13 | Hand behind lower back | Ordinal | Both hands $=0$, left hand $=0.5$, right hand $=0.5$, neither hand $=1$ |
| 14 | Able to stand up from sitting | Ordinal | Yes, without using hands $=0$, Yes, using hands $=0.5$, no $=1$ |
| 15 | Able to pick up a book from the floor | Ordinal | Yes, standing $=0$, Yes, sitting $=0.5$, no $=1$ |
| 16 | Number of times suffering from serious illness in the past two years | Ordinal | Yes $=2, \mathrm{no}=0$ |
| 17 | Hypertension | Binary | Yes $=1, \mathrm{no}=0$ |
| 18 | Diabetes | Binary | Yes $=1, \mathrm{no}=0$ |
| 19 | Heart disease | Binary | Yes $=1, \mathrm{no}=0$ |
| 20 | Stroke or CVD | Binary | Yes $=1, \mathrm{no}=0$ |
| 21 | Bronchitis, emphysema, pneumonia, asthma | Binary | Yes $=1, \mathrm{no}=0$ |
| 22 | Tuberculosis | Binary | Yes $=1, \mathrm{no}=0$ |
| 23 | Cancer | Binary | Yes $=1, \mathrm{no}=0$ |
| 24 | Gastric or duodenal ulcer | Binary | Yes $=1, \mathrm{no}=0$ |
| 25 | Parkinson | Binary | Yes $=1, \mathrm{no}=0$ |
| 26 | Bedsore | Binary | Yes $=1, \mathrm{no}=0$ |
| 27 | Able to hear | Binary | Yes $=1, \mathrm{no}=0$ |
| 28 | Interviewer rated health | Ordinal | Surprisingly healthy $=0$, relatively healthy $=0$, moderately ill $=0.5$, very ill $=1$ |
| 29 | Look on the bright side of things | Ordinal | Always $=0$, often $=0.25$, sometimes $=0.5$, seldom $=0.75$, rarely or never $=1$ |
| 30 | Keep my belongings neat and clean | Ordinal | Always $=0$, often $=0.25$, sometimes $=0.5$, seldom $=0.75$, rarely or never $=1$ |
| 31 | Make own decisions | Ordinal | Always $=0$, often $=0.25$, sometimes $=0.5$, seldom $=0.75$, rarely or never $=1$ |
| 32 | Housework at present | Ordinal | Almost everyday $=0$, not daily, but once for a week $=0.25$, not weekly, but at least once for a month $=0.5$, not monthly, but sometimes $=0.75$, never $=1$ |
| 33 | Able to use chopsticks to eat | Ordinal | Yes $=1, \mathrm{no}=0$ |
| 34 | Number of steps used to turn around a 360 degree turn without help | Interval | $>=6$ steps $=1,<6$ steps $=0$ |
| 35 | Cataract | Binary | Yes $=1, \mathrm{no}=0$ |
| 36 | Glaucoma | Binary | Yes $=1, \mathrm{no}=0$ |
| 37 | Other chronic disease | Categorical | Yes $=1, \mathrm{no}=0$ |
| 38 | Prostate Tumor | Binary | Yes $=1, \mathrm{no}=0$ |

Supplementary Table 2. Characteristics of CLHLS (Chinese Longitudinal Healthy Longevity Survey) participants $\mathbf{\geq 8 0}$ years of age by systolic blood pressure.

| Characteristic | Systolic Blood Pressure, mmHg |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} <110 \\ (n=316) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 110-119 \\ (n=557) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 120-129 \\ (n=1,133) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 130-139 \\ (n=1,510) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \geq 140 \\ (n & =3,079) \end{aligned}$ |
| ${ }^{* * *}$ Age, years, mean (SD) | 93.0 (7.7) | 91.4 (7.4) | 91.3 (7.5) | 90.3 (7.4) | 90.8 (7.5) |
| ${ }^{* * *}$ Female, [ $n(\%)$ ] | 179 (56.6) | 297 (53.3) | 616 (54.4) | 799 (52.9) | 1,810 (58.8) |
| *Marital status Currently married and living with spouse, [ $n(\%)$ ] | 73 (23.1) | 148 (26.6) | 272 (24.0) | 439 (29.1) | 767 (24.9) |
| ${ }^{* *}$ Education years, <11 years, [ $n(\%)$ ] | 253 (80.1) | 448 (80.4) | 917 (80.9) | 1,237 (81.9) | 2,395 (77.8) |
| ${ }^{* * *}$ Current smoker, [ $n(\%)$ ] | 60 (19.0) | 90 (16.2) | 157 (13.9) | 211 (14.0) | 366 (11.9) |
| *Current drinker, [ $n(\%)$ ] | 42 (13.3) | 76 (13.6) | 144 (12.7) | 239 (15.8) | 369 (12.0) |
| ${ }^{* * *} \mathrm{SBP}, \mathrm{mmHg}$, mean (SD) | 101.1 (7.2) | 114.5 (3.1) | 124.4 (3.1) | 134.1 (3.1) | 158.1 (16.6) |
| ${ }^{* * *}$ DBP, mmHg, mean (SD) | 64.0 (7.9) | 70.2 (7.8) | 74.5 (7.9) | 77.7 (8.6) | 84.1 (11.6) |
| ***BMI categories, [ $n(\%)$ ] |  |  |  |  |  |
| Underweight | 138 (43.7) | 170 (30.5) | 294 (25.9) | 317 (21.0) | 605 (19.6) |
| Normal | 152 (48.1) | 324 (58.2) | 655 (57.8) | 917 (60.7) | 1,836 (59.6) |
| Overweight | 16 (5.1) | 47 (8.4) | 141 (12.4) | 198 (13.1) | 521 (16.9) |
| Obesity | 10 (3.2) | 16 (2.9) | 43 (3.8) | 78 (5.2) | 117 (3.8) |
| Frailty index, mean (SD) | 0.2 (0.1) | 0.2 (0.1) | 0.2 (0.1) | 0.2 (0.1) | 0.2 (0.1) |
| History of Falls, [ $n$ (\%)] | 73 (23.1) | 141 (25.3) | 261 (23.0) | 370 (24.5) | 748 (24.3) |
| History of Severe falls, [ $n(\%)$ ] | 31 (9.8) | 42 (7.5) | 99 (8.7) | 130 (8.6) | 249 (8.1) |

Abbreviations: SD: Standard Deviation; SBP: Systolic Blood Pressure; DBP: Diastolic Blood Pressure; BMI: Body mass index.
${ }^{*} P<0.05 ;{ }^{* *} P<0.01 ;{ }^{* * *} P<0.001$

Supplementary Table 3. Characteristics of CLHLS (Chinese Longitudinal Healthy Longevity Survey) participants $\geq 80$ years of age by diastolic blood pressure.

| Characteristic | Diastolic Blood Pressure, mmHg |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} <60 \\ (n=196) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 60-69 \\ (n=909) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 70-79 \\ (n=2,040) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 80-89 \\ (n=2,207) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \geq 90 \\ (n=1,243) \end{gathered}$ |
| ${ }^{* * *}$ Age, years, mean (SD) | 93.3 (7.7) | 91.9 (7.4) | 90.6 (7.3) | 90.9 (7.6) | 90.6 (7.5) |
| ${ }^{* *}$ Female, [ $n(\%)$ ] | 108 (55.1) | 514 (56.5) | 1100 (53.9) | 1229 (55.7) | 750 (60.3) |
| **Marital status | 35 (17.9) | 229 (25.2) | 575 (28.2) | 562 (25.5) | 299 (24.1) |
| Currently married and living with spouse, [ $n(\%)$ ] |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{* * *}$ Education years, <11 years, [ $n(\%)$ ] | 158 (80.6) | 733 (80.6) | 1,613 (79.1) | 1,775 (80.4) | 972 (78.2) |
| *Current smoker, [ $n(\%)$ ] | 40 (20.4) | 138 (15.2) | 270 (13.2) | 280 (12.7) | 156 (12.6) |
| Current drinker, [ $n(\%)$ ] | 25 (12.8) | 122 (13.4) | 265 (13.0) | 310 (14.0) | 149 (12.0) |
| ${ }^{* * *}$ SBP, mmHg, mean (SD) | 119.8 (21.9) | 126.2 (18.6) | 134.7 (17.4) | 141.9 (17.0) | 160.6 (21.2) |
| ***DBP, mmHg, mean (SD) | 54.1 (4.4) | 64.0 (2.8) | 73.5 (3.0) | 82.6 (2.8) | 95.5 (7.5) |
| ${ }^{* * *}$ BMI categories, [ $n(\%)$ ] |  |  |  |  |  |
| Underweight | 83 (42.3) | 246 (27.1) | 459 (22.5) | 493 (22.3) | 243 (19.5) |
| Normal | 87 (44.4) | 534 (58.7) | 1,246 (61.1) | 1,288 (58.4) | 729 (58.7) |
| Overweight | 17 (8.7) | 100 (11.0) | 264 (12.9) | 328 (14.9) | 214 (17.2) |
| Obesity | 9 (4.6) | 29 (3.2) | 71 (3.5) | 98 (4.4) | 57 (4.6) |
| Frailty index, mean (SD) | 0.2 (0.1) | 0.2 (0.1) | 0.2 (0.1) | 0.2 (0.1) | 0.2 (0.1) |
| History of Falls, [ $n(\%)$ ] | 50 (25.5) | 252 (27.7) | 480 (23.5) | 525 (23.8) | 286 (23.0) |
| History of Severe falls, [ $n(\%)$ ] | 17 (8.7) | 77 (8.5) | 174 (8.5) | 179 (8.1) | 103 (8.3) |

Abbreviations: SD: Standard Deviation; SBP: Systolic Blood Pressure; DBP: Diastolic Blood Pressure; BMI: Body mass index.
${ }^{*} P<0.05 ;{ }^{* *} P<0.01 ;{ }^{* * *} P<0.001$

Supplementary Table 4. Characteristics of included and excluded participants of CLHLS (Chinese Longitudinal Healthy Longevity Survey) $\geq \mathbf{8 0}$ years of age.

| Characteristic | Included participants <br> $(\boldsymbol{n}=\mathbf{6 , 5 9 5})$ | Excluded participants <br> $(\boldsymbol{n}=\mathbf{3 , 8 2 4})$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| ${ }^{* * *}$ Age, years, mean (SD) | $91.0(7.5)$ | $94.7(7.6)$ |
| Female, $[n(\%)]$ | $3,701(56.1)$ | $2,210(57.8)$ |
| Marital status | $1,700(25.8)$ | $1,006(26.3)$ |
| Currently married and living with spouse, $[n(\%)]$ | $5,269(79.9)$ | $3,136(82.0)$ |
| Education years, < 11 years, $[n(\%)]$ | $884(13.4)$ | $558(14.6)$ |
| Current smoker, $[n(\%)]$ | $871(13.2)$ | $493(12.9)$ |
| Current drinker, $[n(\%)]$ | $140.5(21.8)$ | $138.1(22.5)$ |
| SBP, mmHg, mean (SD) | $78.8(11.6)$ | $77.8(12.1)$ |
| DBP, mmHg, mean (SD) |  |  |
| ${ }^{* * *}$ BMI categories, $[n(\%)]$ | $1,524(23.1)$ | $812(21.2)$ |
| Underweight | $3,884(58.9)$ | $2279(59.6)$ |
| Normal | $923(14.0)$ | $507(13.3)$ |
| Overweight | $264(4.0)$ | $226(5.9)$ |
| Obesity |  |  |

[^0] ${ }^{* * *} P<0.001$

Supplementary Table 5. Odds ratios for falls associated with systolic blood pressure and diastolic blood pressure, stratified by frail status.

| Frail status* | Systolic blood pressure, mmHg |  |  |  |  | $p$-trend |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | <110 | 110-119 | 120-129 | 130-139 | $\geq 140$ | linear | quadratic |
| OR** ${ }^{\text {(95\% CI) }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Non-frail | 1.17 (0.78-1.75) | 1.14 (0.82-1.57) | 1.00 (ref) | 0.96 (0.74-1.24) | 0.98 (0.78-1.24) | 1.00 | 0.38 |
| Frail | 1.17 (0.69-1.99) | 1.37 (0.89-2.11) | 1.00 (ref) | 1.56 (1.13-2.13) | 1.62 (1.22-2.16) | 0.01 | 0.75 |
| Diastolic blood pressure, $\mathbf{m m H g}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $<60$ | 60-69 | 70-79 | 80-89 | $\geq 90$ |  |  |
| OR** ${ }^{\text {* }}$ ( ${ }^{\text {\% \% CI }}$ ) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Non-frail | 1.34 (0.84-2.13) | 1.30 (1.01-1.67) | 1.00 (ref) | 1.05 (0.85-1.28) | 1.00 (0.78-1.27) | 0.09 | 0.28 |
| Frail | 0.82 (0.45-1.49) | 1.03 (0.75-1.40) | 1.00 (ref) | 1.05 (0.82-1.33) | 0.97 (0.72-1.30) | 0.89 | 0.49 |

*Non-frail: $\mathrm{FI}<0.25$; Frail: $\mathrm{FI} \geq 0.25$.
${ }^{* *}$ Adjusted for age, sex, education status, current smoking and drinking status, marriage status, education years and body mass index.
Abbreviations: OR: Odds ratio; CI: Confidence interval.

Supplementary Table 6. Odds ratios for severe falls associated with systolic blood pressure and diastolic blood pressure, stratified by frail status.

| Frail status* | Systolic blood pressure, mmHg |  |  |  |  | $p$-trend |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | <110 | 110-119 | 120-129 | 130-139 | $\geq 140$ | linear | quadratic |
| OR ${ }^{* * *}$ (95\% CI) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Non-frail | 1.06 (0.58-1.93) | 0.65 (0.37-1.14) | 1.00 (ref) | 0.79 (0.53-1.18) | 0.81 (0.57-1.14) | 0.55 | 0.86 |
| Frail | 1.45 (0.69-3.07) | 1.20 (0.62-2.33) | 1.00 (ref) | 1.54 (0.95-2.50) | 1.51 (0.97-2.35) | 0.25 | 0.66 |
| Diastolic blood pressure, $\mathbf{m m H g}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | <60 | 60-69 | 70-79 | 80-89 | $\geq 90$ |  |  |
| OR ${ }^{* *}$ (95\% CI) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Non-frailty | 1.32 (0.66-2.66) | 1.07 (0.71-1.60) | 1.00 (ref) | 0.89 (0.64-1.24) | 1.17 (0.81-1.68) | 0.93 | 0.14 |
| frailty | 0.80 (0.33-1.96) | 0.81 (0.50-1.31) | 1.00 (ref) | 1.05 (0.73-1.50) | 0.89 (0.57-1.39) | 0.64 | 0.30 |

[^1]
[^0]:    Abbreviations: SD: standard deviation; SBP: systolic blood pressure; DBP: diastolic blood pressure; BMI: body mass index.

[^1]:    *Non-frail: FI < 0.25; Frail: $\mathrm{FI} \geq 0.25$
    **Adjusted for age, sex, education status, current smoking and drinking status, marriage status, education years and body mass index. Abbreviations: OR: Odds ratio; CI: Confidence interval.

