#### **SUPPLEMENTARY TABLES**

# Supplementary Table 1. Clinical parameters of human subjects.

	Sarcopenia (N = 6)	Non- Sarcopenia (N = 13)	95% CI of the difference	P-value	Reduced SMI (N = 11)	Control (N = 8)	95% CI of the difference	<i>p</i> -value
Age	$85.0 \pm 8.6$	$83.8 \pm 6.3$	-7.92 to 10.38	0.76	$85.0 \pm 8.6$	$83.8 \pm 6.3$	-7.92 to 10.38	0.76
Gender (Male; Female)	1;5	6;7			2;9	5;3		
SMI (kg/m <sup>2</sup> )	$5.0\pm1.0$	$6.6\pm1.2$	−2.77 to −0.48	*0.01	$5.2 \pm 0.9$	$7.4 \pm 0.8$	-2.99 to -1.31	**0.0005
Handgrip(kg)	$18.0 \pm 4.0$	$23.0 \pm 7.4$	-10.53 to 0.66	0.08	$21.1 \pm 5.4$	$23.4 \pm 8.4$	-10.89 to $4.0$	0.51
TUG(sec.)	$23.5\pm13.3$	$12.2 \pm 6.5$	-2.68 to 25.26	0.1	$18.1\pm11.4$	$12.6\pm8.3$	-4.10 to 14.95	0.27
Walking Speed (m/sec.)	$1.07\pm0.33$	$1.21\pm0.40$	-0.61 to 0.33	0.53	$1.09\pm0.26$	$1.27\pm0.48$	-0.57 to 0.21	0.37
BMI(kg/m <sup>2</sup> )	$20.0\pm2.3$	$23.3 \pm 3.6$	-6.15 to -0.33	*0.03	$20.7 \pm 2.2$	$24.4 \pm 4.0$	-7.20 to -0.26	*0.04
Fat mass (kg)	$12.7\pm2.9$	$15.4 \pm 5.7$	-7.98 to 2.59	0.19	$13.4 \pm 2.7$	$16.0\pm7.2$	-7.60 to 2.33	0.35
Calf circumference(cm)	$29.5 \pm 4.1$	$33.5 \pm 3.2$	-7.65 to $-0.42$	*0.03	$30.1\pm3.1$	$35.3\pm2.5$	-8.12 to -2.42	**0.001
MoCA-J	$18.2 \pm 3.8$	$22.2 \pm 4.8$	-8.40 to 0.42	0.07	$20.5 \pm 4.3$	$21.5 \pm 5.6$	-6.17 to 4.08	0.66
Systolic BP(mmHg)	$140.5\pm10.4$	$136.5\pm18.2$	-9.95 to 18.03	0.55	$143.9 \pm 13.7$	$129.3\pm14.2$	0.40 to 28.92	*0.04
Diastolic BP(mmHg)	$77.7 \pm 6.8$	$77.3 \pm 14.4$	-9.89 to 10.61	0.94	$77.2\pm13.7$	$77.8 \pm 10.1$	-12.49 to 11.36	0.92
iADL	$3.7 \pm 3.1$	$2.0 \pm 2.3$	-1.05 to 4.38	0.28	$2.7 \pm 2.7$	$2.3 \pm 2.7$	-2.19 to 3.14	0.71
CRE□ mg/dl□	$0.61\pm0.22$	$0.92 \pm 0.28$	-0.57 to 0.06	*0.02	$0.68 \pm 0.23$	$1.03\pm0.25$	-0.59 to -0.11	**0.008
$BUN \square \ mg/dl  \square$	$15.8 \pm 4.8$	$19.7 \pm 6.4$	-9.67 to 1.75	0.16	$15.6 \pm 3.8$	$22.4 \pm 6.6$	-12.59 to -1.03	*0.025
$CK \square U/L \square$	$81.7 \pm 24.6$	$124.4 \pm 49.7$	-77.50 to -7.33	*0.03	$103.1 \pm 54.2$	$121.3\pm33.4$	-59.69 to 23.62	0.39
AST (U/L□	$20.8 \pm 2.5$	$22.8 \pm 4.8$	-5.46 to 1.59	0.26	$22.9 \pm 4.7$	$21.1 \pm 3.6$	-2.20 to 5.77	0.36
ALT (U/L□	$12.5 \pm 4.5$	$14.6 \pm 5.4$	-7.27 to 3.04	0.39	$13.8 \pm 5.3$	$14.1 \pm 5.3$	-5.53 to 4.92	0.90
γGTP (U/L□	$19.7 \pm 5.9$	$32.3\pm19.5$	-25.21 to -0.07	*0.05	$21.3 \pm 5.4$	$38.0 \pm 23.3$	-36.32 to 2.87	0.08
$HDL \square mg/dl \square$	$77.0 \pm 18.0$	$59.9 \pm 17.4$	-2.67 to 36.82	0.08	$66.5\pm18.9$	$63.8 \pm 20.2$	-16.82 to 22.23	0.77
$LDL \square mg/dl \square$	$113.5\pm17.5$	$119.8 \pm 28.9$	-29.19 to 16.50	0.56	$116.5\pm21.6$	$119.6 \pm 31.6$	-31.36 to 25.21	0.82
Hbalc (%)	$5.6 \pm 0.4$	$5.9 \pm 0.5$	-0.72 to 0.12	0.15	$5.7 \pm 0.3$	$6.0\pm0.6$	-0.81 to 0.22	0.20
$Alb \square \ g/dl  \square$	$3.9 \pm 0.3$	$3.8 \pm 0.2$	-0.25 to 0.42	0.57	$3.9 \pm 0.3$	$3.8 \pm 0.3$	-0.18 to 0.34	0.53
$Glu \square \ mg/dl  \square$	$96.7\pm11.5$	$100.4\pm17.6$	-18.22 to 10.78	0.59	$101.6\pm18.5$	$95.9 \pm 11.2$	-8.70 to 20.22	0.41
$TG \square \ mg/dl \square$	$83.7 \pm 53.9$	$134.4 \pm 81.9$	-118.38 to 16.94	0.13	$118.9 \pm 73.6$	$117.6 \pm 85.8$	-79.46 to 82.03	0.97
WBC□ 10 <sup>9</sup> /L□	$4.4\pm1.0$	$5.5\pm1.6$	-2.37 to 0.21	0.09	$4.7\pm1.2$	$5.7\pm1.8$	-2.61 to 0.62	0.20
RBC□ 10 <sup>12</sup> /L)	$4.0 \pm 0.2$	$4.2 \pm 0.3$	-0.43 to 0.15	0.31	$4.2 \pm 0.3$	$4.2 \pm 0.4$	-0.37 to 0.31	0.83
$Hb \square g/dl \square$	$12.7 \pm 0.7$	$12.8 \pm 0.8$	-0.90 to 0.67	0.75	$12.8 \pm 0.7$	$12.7\pm0.9$	-0.68 to 0.99	0.70
HCT□ %□	$39.3 \pm 2.4$	$37.9 \pm 2.9$	-1.29 to 4.17	0.27	$38.6 \pm 2.6$	$38.0 \pm 3.1$	-2.27 to 3.48	0.66
Plt□ 10 <sup>9</sup> /L□	$238.2 \pm 24.9$	$206 \pm 53.9$	-5.99 to 70.32	0.09	$217.5 \pm 38.1$	$214.4\pm62.9$	-52.19 to 58.34	0.90

In addition to clinical features derived from sarcopenia diagnosis, 19 participants were statistically analyzed by SMI. Comparison between the sarcopenia and non-sarcopenia groups detected significant decreases in SMI ( $5.0 \pm 1.0 \text{ vs } 6.6 \pm 1.2 \text{ kg/m}^2$ , p < 0.05), Body Mass Index (BMI) ( $20.0 \pm 2.3 \text{ U/L vs } 23.3 \pm 3.6 \text{ kg/m}^2$ , p < 0.05), serum creatinine ( $0.61 \pm 0.22 \text{ vs } 0.92 \pm 0.28 \text{ mg/dl}$ , p < 0.05), serum creatine kinase (CK) ( $81.7 \pm 24.6 \text{ vs } 124.4 \pm 49.7 \text{ U/L}$ , p < 0.05) and serum yGTP ( $19.7 \pm 5.9 \text{ vs } 32.3 \pm 19.5 \text{ U/L}$ , p < 0.05) in sarcopenia. A comparison between decreased and normal SMI groups detected significant decreases in SMI ( $5.2 \pm 0.9 \text{ vs } 7.4 \pm 0.8 \text{ kg/m}^2$ , p < 0.01, BMI ( $20.7 \pm 2.2 \text{ vs } 24.4 \pm 4.0 \text{ kg/m}^2$ , p < 0.05), serum creatinine ( $0.68 \pm 0.23 \text{ vs } 1.03 \pm 0.25 \text{ mg/dl}$ , p < 0.01) and serum BUN ( $15.6 \pm 3.8 \text{ vs } 22.4 \pm 6.6 \text{ mg/dl}$ , p < 0.05) and a significant increase in systolic blood pressure ( $143.9 \pm 13.7 \text{ vs } 129.3 \pm 14.2 \text{ mmHG}$ , p < 0.05). Asterisks indicate significant differences (\*p < 0.05). Asterisks indicate significant differences (\*p < 0.05). Asterisks indicate significant differences (\*p < 0.05). Asterisks index; BP: Blood pressure; CRE: creatinine; BUN, Blood urea nitrogen; CK: creatine kinase; HCT: hematocrit; CI: Confidence Interval.

# Supplementary Table 2. List of 22 metabolites involved in sarcopenia.

	Peak are	a (10 <sup>6</sup> AU)	T test		
Parameters	Sarcopenia	Non-sarcopenia	OFO/ CT CA TO		
	(N=6)	(N = 13)	- 95% CI of the dif.	<i>p</i> -value	
Acetyl-carnitine	$337.73 \pm 76.94$	$433.23 \pm 99.79$	-186.23 to -4.77	*0.040	
Dimethyl-proline	$186.23 \pm 91.05$	$313.38 \pm 102.26$	-230.09 to -24.20	*0.020	
Phenylalanine	$225.19 \pm 55.70$	$287.35 \pm 40.46$	−121.27 to −3.07	*0.042	
Dimethyl-arginine	$38.92 \pm 4.67$	$50.22 \pm 13.03$	−19.94 to −2.66	*0.013	
N1-Methyl-histidine	$21.75 \pm 8.25$	$37.39 \pm 12.08$	-25.82 to -5.44	**0.005	
Isovaleryl-carnitine	$14.24 \pm 3.85$	$20.57 \pm 7.7$	−11.95 to −0.71	*0.033	
Aspartate (1)	$22.91 \pm 5.65$	$13.64\pm7.84$	2.44 to 16.09	*0.011	
myo-Inositol	$13.95 \pm 1.58$	$20.30 \pm 7.43$	-10.98 to $-1.72$	*0.011	
Creatinine	$15.60 \pm 4.82$	$21.48 \pm 6.64$	−11.70 to −0.08	*0.047	
Pantothenate	$10.14 \pm 3.09$	$17.20\pm8.03$	−12.47 to −1.65	*0.013	
Hypoxanthine	$4.11 \pm 1.36$	$7.58 \pm 4.95$	-6.62 to -0.31	*0.033	
Dimethyl-guanosine	$2.50\pm0.74$	$3.95\pm0.81$	−2.29 to −0.62	**0.003	
N1-Methyl-adenosine	$2.36\pm\!1.07$	$3.64\pm1.08$	−2.47 to −0.10	*0.036	
2-Oxoglutarate	$2.01 \pm 0.49$	$3.01 \pm 1.1$	−1.76 to −0.23	*0.018	
Pentose-phosphate	$2.13 \pm 0.24$	$2.71\pm0.75$	−1.07 to −0.09	*0.022	
Succinate	$1.33 \pm 0.18$	$1.74 \pm 0.45$	−0.71 to −0.10	*0.012	
N-Acetyl-glutamate	$0.42\pm0.14$	$0.58 \pm 0.12$	-0.31 to -0.01	*0.037	
Quinolinic acid	$0.26 \pm 0.14$	$0.50 \pm 0.24$	-0.43 to -0.06	*0.013	
4-Guanidinobutanoate	$0.16\pm0.06$	$0.55\pm0.60$	-0.76 to -0.03	*0.035	
N1-Methyl-guanosine	$0.21 \pm 0.09$	$0.32 \pm 0.10$	-0.21 to -0.01	*0.038	
Trimethyl-tyrosine	$0.05\pm0.04$	$0.17 \pm 0.17$	-0.23 to -0.02	*0.027	
cis-Aconitate	$0.05\pm0.02$	$0.12\pm0.05$	-0.10 to -0.04	**0.000	

Metabolite peak area. High >  $10^8$  AU. Medium  $10^7 - 10^8$  AU. Low <  $10^7$  AU. 21 sarcopenia markers (acetyl-carnitine, dimethyl-proline, phenylalanine, dimethyl-arginine, N1-methyl-histidine, isovaleryl-carnitine, myo-inositol, creatinine, pantothenate, hypoxanthine, dimethyl-guanosine, N1-methyl-adenosine, 2-oxoglutarate, pentose-phosphate, succinate, N-acetyl-glutamate, quinolinic acid, 4-guanidinobutanoate, N1-methyl-guanosine, trimethyl-tyrosine, and cis-aconitate) decreased significantly. However, aspartate increased significantly in sarcopenia. Abbreviations: SMI: skeletal muscle index; CI: Confidence Interval. ( $\uparrow$ ) indicates upregulated metabolite in sarcopenia. Asterisks indicate significant differences (\*p < 0.05). Asterisks indicate significant differences (\*p < 0.01).

### Supplementary Table 3. List of ten metabolites involved in muscle mass.

	Peak area	1 (10 <sup>6</sup> AU)	T test			
	Decreased SMI (N = 11)	Normal SMI (N = 8)	_ 95% CI of the dif.	<i>p</i> -value		
Urate	$95.24 \pm 21.23$	$114.54 \pm 1.64$	-38.18 to -0.41	*0.046		
Butyro-betaine	$88.02 \pm 19.93$	$108.91 \pm 19.46$	-40.32 to -1.47	*0.037		
Dimethyl-arginine	$40.23 \pm 11.17$	$55.48 \pm 7.04$	−24.09 to −6.40	**0.002		
N1-Methyl-histidine	$24.73 \pm 9.48$	$43.07 \pm 9.55$	−27.77 to −8.93	**0.001		
Isovaleryl-carnitine	$14.47 \pm 3.12$	$24.21 \pm 7.76$	-16.34 to $-3.14$	**0.009		
Creatinine	$16.89 \pm 6.31$	$23.38 \pm 5.27$	−12.12 to −0.86	*0.026		
Hippurate	$12.92 \pm 8.00$	$26.70 \pm 13.19$	−25.37 to −2.19	*0.020		
Dimethyl-guanosine	$2.98 \pm 0.92$	$4.20 \pm 0.74$	−2.03 to −0.41	**0.005		
2-Oxoglutarate	$2.15 \pm 0.53$	$3.45\pm1.14$	−2.27 to −0.32	*0.014		
cis-Aconitate	$0.07 \pm 0.04$	$0.14 \pm 0.05$	−0.11 to −0.27	**0.004		

Metabolite peak area. High >  $10^8$  AU, Medium  $10^7$ – $10^8$  AU, Low <  $10^7$  AU. 10 metabolites (urate, butyro-betaine, dimethyl-arginine, N1-methyl-histidine, isovaleryl-carnitine, creatinine, hippurate, dimethyl-guanosine, 2-oxoglutarate, cis-aconitate) decreased significantly in sarcopenia. Abbreviations: SMI: skeletal muscle index; CI: Confidence Interval. Asterisks indicate significant differences (\*p < 0.05). Asterisks indicate significant differences (\*p < 0.01).

### Supplementary Table 4. Correlation analysis between 25 sarcopenia-related markers and SMI or EFS.

D		SMI	EFS			
Parameters	R	95% CI	p value	R	95% CI	p value
Isovaleryl-carnitine	0.70	0.37 to 0.88	**0.001	-0.55	-0.80 to -0.12	*0.015
Urate	0.58	0.18 to 0.82	**0.008	-0.54	0.10 to 0.79	*0.02
Hippurate	0.60	0.21 to 0.83	**0.006	-0.46	-0.76 to -0.01	*0.05
Phenylalanine	0.40	-0.07 to 0.72	0.09	-0.45	-0.75 to 0.00	0.05
Butyro-betaine	0.5	0.06 to 0.78	*0.029	-0.44	-0.75 to 0.01	0.05
Acetyl-carnitine	0.55	0.12 to 0.80	*0.02	-0.43	-0.74 to 0.03	0.06
N1-Methyl-guanosine	0.65	0.27 to 0.85	**0.003	-0.39	-0.71 to 0.08	0.10
Pantothenate	0.62	0.23 to 0.84	**0.005	-0.36	-0.70 to 0.11	0.13
N1-Methyl-histidine	0.58	0.17 to 0.82	**0.009	-0.3	-0.66 to 0.18	0.22
Hypoxanthine	0.52	0.09 to 0.79	*0.02	-0.29	-0.65 to 0.18	0.22
Dimethyl-guanosine	0.62	0.23 to 0.84	**0.005	-0.28	-0.65 to 0.20	0.25
Dimethyl-arginine	0.55	0.12 to 0.80	*0.02	-0.27	-0.64 to 0.20	0.26
Creatinine	0.69	0.35 to 0.87	**0.001	-0.25	-0.63 to 0.23	0.31
Dimethyl-proline	0.24	-0.24 to 0.63	0.32	-0.25	-0.63 to 0.23	0.31
N-Acetyl-glutamate	0.41	-0.05 to 0.73	0.08	-0.21	-0.60 to 0.26	0.38
Quinolinic acid	0.36	-0.11 to 0.70	0.13	-0.19	-0.59 to 0.28	0.44
2-Oxoglutarate	0.65	0.27 to 0.85	**0.003	-0.17	-0.58 to 0.31	0.49
Trimethyl-tyrosine	0.28	-0.20 to 0.65	0.24	-0.17	-0.58 to 0.30	0.47
Aspartate (†)	-0.45	-0.75 to $-0.001$	0.05	-0.17	-0.30 to 0.58	0.48
cis-Aconitate	0.57	0.16 to 0.82	*0.01	-0.16	-0.57 to 0.32	0.52
Succinate	0.59	0.19 to 0.82	**0.008	-0.12	-0.54 to 0.36	0.63
Pentose-phosphate	0.31	-0.17 to 0.67	0.20	-0.11	-0.53 to 0.36	0.65
4-Guanidinobutanoate	0.20	-0.27 to 0.60	0.41	-0.1	-0.53 to 0.37	0.68
N1-Methyl-adenosine	0.37	-0.10 to 0.71	0.12	-0.07	-0.52 to 0.40	0.76
myo-Inositol	0.52	0.09 to 0.79	*0.02	-0.04	-0.48 to 0.42	0.88

Metabolite peak area. High >  $10^8$  AU. Medium  $10^7$ – $10^8$  AU. Low <  $10^7$  AU. Metabolites are ordered according to its correlation coefficient to EFS. Abbreviations: SMI: skeletal muscle index; Pearson's correlation coefficient between a metabolite and SMI; CI: Confidence Interval; EFS: Edmonton frail scale. Asterisks indicate correlation (\*p < 0.05). Asterisks indicate correlation (\*p < 0.01).

Supplementary Table 5. Correlation analysis between 22 frailty-related markers and SMI or EFS.

		SMI			EFS	
	R	95% CI	p value	R	95% CI	p value
Isovaleryl-carnitine	0.70	0.37 to 0.88	**0.001	-0.54	−0.80 to −0.12	*0.015
Acetyl-carnosine	0.69	0.35 to 0.87	**0.001	-0.51	0.07 to 0.78	*0.03
Hippurate	0.60	0.21 to 0.83	**0.006	-0.46	0.01 to 0.76	*0.05
Urate	0.58	0.18 to 0.82	**0.009	-0.54	0.11 to 0.80	*0.02
1,5-anhydroglucitol	0.52	0.08 to 0.79	*0.02	-0.56	0.14 to 0.80	*0.01
Proline	0.49	0.05 to 0.77	*0.03	-0.54	0.11 to 0.80	*0.02
Methionine	0.46	0.01 to 0.76	*0.046	-0.56	0.14 to 0.80	*0.01
Leucine	0.46	0.01 to 0.75	*0.046	-0.46	0.01 to 0.75	*0.04
N3-methyl-histidine	0.45	-0.01 to 0.74	0.05	-0.19	-0.59 to 0.29	0.43
Trimethyl-histidine	0.44	-0.01 to 0.75	0.057	-0.39	-0.08 to 0.71	0.10
Isoleucine	0.42	-0.04 to 0.74	0.07	-0.45	0.14 to 0.80	*0.04
Tryptophan	0.37	-0.09 to 0.71	0.12	-0.57	0.15 to 0.82	*0.01
Arginine	0.36	-0.11 to 0.70	0.13	-0.32	-0.15 to 0.67	0.17
Ergothioneine	0.33	-0.14 to 0.69	0.16	-0.45	0.01 to 0.75	0.05
Adenine	0.23	-0.25 to 0.62	0.34	-0.45	-0.001 to 0.75	0.05
S-methyl-ergothioneine	0.22	-0.26 to 0.61	0.37	-0.51	0.07 to 0.78	*0.02
Ophthalmic acid	0.14	-0.34 to 0.56	0.56	-0.41	-0.06 to 0.73	0.08
2-ketobutyrate	0.14	-0.33 to 0.56	0.56	-0.29	-0.19 to 0.66	0.24
UDP-glucose (↑)	0.04	-0.41 to 0.49	0.86	-0.12	-0.55 to 0.34	0.60
Creatine (†)	-0.08	-0.51 to 0.38	0.73	0.44	-0.74 to 0.02	0.06
N-acetyl-aspartate (†)	-0.09	-0.52 to 0.38	0.71	0.16	-0.32 to 0.57	0.51
UDP-glucuronate (↑)	-0.15	-0.56 to 0.32	0.54	0.47	-0.76 to -0.02	*0.04

Metabolite peak area. High >  $10^8$  AU. Medium  $10^7$ – $10^8$  AU. Low <  $10^7$  AU. Metabolites are ordered according to its correlation coefficient to SMI. Abbreviations: SMI: skeletal muscle index; Pearson: Pearson's correlation coefficient between a metabolite and SMI; CI: Confidence Interval. Asterisks indicate correlation (\*p < 0.05). Asterisks indicate correlation (\*p < 0.01).